## **Assessment Treating Burns**

Name
Short Answer
. Describe a "First Degree Burn".
2. Describe how to treat a "First Degree Burn".
3. Describe a "Second Degree Burn".
Describe how to treat a "Second Degree Burn".

# **Assessment Treating Burns**

	Name
Short Answer	
5. Describe a "Third Degree Burn".	
5. Describe how to treat a "Third Degree Bu	rn".

KEY

### **Assessment Treating Burns**

	Name
Short	Answer
1. Des	cribe a "First Degree Burn".
	First Degree burns are red and painful. They turn white when you press
	on the skin. Skin may peel off after 1 or 2 days.
2. Des	scribe how to treat a "First Degree Burn".
	Soak the burn in cool water. Treat with aloe vera cream or antibiotic
	ointment. May take over-the-counter pain reliever to help with pain.
3. Des	cribe a "Second Degree Burn".
	Second Degree burns have blisters and are painful. The skin is very red
	or splotchy and it may swell a lot.
4 Day	cariba hayy to treat a "Casand Dagrae Dura"
+. De	scribe how to treat a "Second Degree Burn".

Soak the burn in cool water for 15 minutes. Place a cool clean wet cloth

on burn for a few minutes each day. Use antibiotic cream and cover area

with non-stick dressing. Check for signs of infection.

### Assessment Treating Burns

Name KEY
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#### **Short Answer**

5. Describe a "Third Degree Burn".

Third Degree burns cause damage to all layers of the skin. The burned skin looks white or charred. The burn may cause little or no pain because the nerves in the skin are damaged.

6. Describe how to treat a "Third Degree Burn".

Go to the hospital as soon as possible. Don't take off any clothing that is stuck to the burn. Don't soak the burn in water or apply any ointment.

You may cover the area with clean cloth.