Arguing Effectively

In writing and in debate



Persuasive Essays

- · Well-constructed introductions
 - Capture the interest of your reader
 - Give appropriate background information
 - Summarize the ideas to be presented
 - Present a clear statement of thesis: your ARGUMENT
 - Present the WHAT and HOW of your argument - WHAT are you arguing and HOW will you prove your point?

Getting the Reader to Accept

- Each paragraph of an essay should present a single unified idea or set of ideas to support your argument
- · Paragraphs should build on one another
- Each main idea should be elaborated upon (explained further) with appropriate details
- · Arguments must be logical

Conclusions of Papers

- Restate the paper's argument
- Restate how you have supported that argument
- Draws together the "threads" of the paper's arguments and shows where your paper has gone
- Remind the reader why the topic is important

Solid oral debates

- Are based on solid written preparatory notes
- Have a central arguing point and thesis, much like an essay
- · Have a series of "points" that support the thesis
- Have strong supporting evidence for each point
 - Facts
 - Figures
 - Pictures and drawings
 - True stories
 - Examples

A logical argument...

- Is based on fact, not only opinion
- Can be supported with evidence that is irrefutable (cannot be argued with as untrue - people may not like it, but that cannot argue with its truth)
- Has no "holes" in it that people can "pick out" because the argument is "incomplete"

Try this argument

 In your squads, prepare an argument to present to the class on the following topic:

> People should be allowed to burn the American Flag in protest

Remember the First Amendment right to free speech